

A DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

WILL BARGE SHOTS AND KILLS DENNIS CLEMENTS.

They Were Rivals and Met at the Home of the Young Lady and Fought It Out. Barge is Afterward Killed by the Sheriff in Self-Defense.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 12.—A special from Birmingham, Ala., says: News has reached here of a bloody double tragedy at Johns, twenty miles away. Dennis Clements and Will Barge were in love with the same young lady. They met at her home and a quarrel resulted in Barge fatally drawing a pistol and shooting and killing Clements in the presence of the horrified young lady, who appealed piteously for him not to shoot. Barge fled and later on Deputy Sheriff Holman attempted to arrest him, but Barge drew a pistol and said, "I am fixed for you and you can't arrest me." Barge pulled the trigger of his gun, but it failed to fire. Holman quickly raised a shotgun and blew Barge's head off.

A Kentucky Killing.

BARBOURVILLE, Ky., Feb. 8.—A desperate fight occurred at Mount Pleasant, in Harlan county, Monday night, in which Will and John Turner were killed instantly by Dr. William Nolin, a prominent physician of that city. The fight began in a barber shop on the court house square. Dr. Nolin walked into the shop, and seeing John Turner there, told him he would kill him. Both men began firing and Turner fell dead. Nolin by this time had exhausted the loads in his revolver. Will Turner, an uncle of John, arrived and attacked Nolin. Neither had revolvers, but used their knives. They had struggled over considerable ground and when Turner swooned they were in the middle of the street. Turner died instantly. John Turner is a son of Judge George B. Turner, a prominent attorney. It was John Turner and his brothers who led the Turner side of the famous Howard-Turner feud in Harlan county a few years since. Will Howard, the leader of the other side, was hanged in Missouri the 19th of last month. This trouble is thought by many to be a renewal of the old vendetta.

Brave Little Girl.

GUTHRIE, Ok., Feb. 7.—A remarkable case of youthful heroism ending in tragedy is reported from Perkins, Allen Anderson, living near there, was at work in the woods and his wife carried his dinner to him, leaving two little girls, aged 6 and 8 years, alone in the house. While playing at the fire the older one's clothes caught and she ran to the well to put the flames out, but hearing her younger sister cry she turned, ran in the house, dragged her away from the fire and out of danger and then started to return to the well. Before she could get to the water, however, she was burned so badly she died in a few hours, having sacrificed her life to save her baby sister.

Bob Marler Hanged.

PINEVILLE, Ky., Feb. 10.—Bob Marler was executed here at 11:30 yesterday. He died in thirteen minutes. The condemned man passed his last hour talking with his sisters and spiritual advisers. He was very nervous. He talked for ten minutes, but did not confess. Marler is the first legal hanging that ever occurred in Bell county. The crime for which Bob Marler was executed was the accidental murder of Mrs. Mary E. Bowman, Aug. 28, 1898, on a Middleborough train while shooting at Conductor Chapman, whom he mistook for a man named Long, with whom he had had trouble. George Marler received a life sentence for complicity.

Burned to Death.

BLOOMSBURG, Pa., Feb. 10.—The house of Bert Croman, together with his two small children, was burned yesterday morning at Light Street village, near this place. The bodies of the children, charred beyond recognition, were found in the debris. It is supposed the lamp either exploded or that it was accidentally knocked from the table.

Marriage Postponed.

CHANDLER, Ok., Feb. 10.—James Turner was jailed here a day or two ago on a charge of introducing whiskey among the Creek Indians and has been taken to Fort Smith for trial. When arrested Turner had just come to town with a young lady, intending to get a license and be married that evening.

Quiet at Honolulu.

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Feb. 9.—The schooner Bangor arrived last night fifteen days from Honolulu. Her captain reports everything quiet at Honolulu, and says it is generally understood there that Minister Willis is awaiting further instructions from President Cleveland.

Kentucky Overcast.

HARRISBURG, Ky., Feb. 10.—Fifty masked men rode up to the home of

Samuel Milton, near here, in Washington county, broke open the door, and while a heavy guard stood watch over Milton, the rest of the mob dragged Mrs. Milton out of bed and in view of her husband gave her thirty-nine lashes. The one thin garment the regulators left upon her was torn into shreds before they finished. They left saying the punishment was because she was suspected of infidelity. Mrs. Milton was a Miss Mathew and is celebrated for her beauty. Her husband procured a divorce to marry her and about that time shot the father of his first wife, who had attacked him in court. A fierce feud broke out and several deaths resulted, one man being hanged for murder. This new outrage is like to cause a renewal of hostilities. Milton is known to be very nery and is hunting for the men who committed the outrage upon his wife.

Consumption Surely Conquered.

Physicians Everywhere Are Now Curing This Heretofore Fatal Disease and the Medical World is Convinced.

Enthusiastic reports from once hopeless consumptives all over the land make it certain the cure discovered by a Cincinnati scientist is all that was claimed for it a year or so ago when the New York Recorder awarded him the diploma and \$1000 prize it had offered for a treatment which would stay the ravages of Consumption.

Even the most conservative medical journals now admit the marvelous results reported by the thirty thousand physicians prescribing Amick's medicine are not exaggerated.

The Doctor of Hygiene of which Dr. Cyrus Edson, Chief of the New York State Board of Health, is the editor, says in its last issue: "We have delayed for something over a year giving notice to the Amick treatment for Consumption because as the formula was not given to the profession, time alone would demonstrate whether it merited condemnation or indorsement. With the evidence which months after month has accumulated we are obliged to admit the preponderance of testimony favors Dr. Amick's claims and in the face of results reported from physicians who, if anything, were rather disposed against the treatment at the beginning the claims of the Cincinnati physician are shown to have been within the bounds of truth and conservatism. He has from the first shown an evidently sincere desire to have official and impartial tests made of the treatment by all physicians and to this end he still distributes broadcast free test packages of his medicines, each of which must represent quite a little money. All conscientious physicians admit themselves powerless to cope with this destroyer of life except with the Amick treatment, and therefore feel bound to give it to patients under their care, and the fact that any person with lung trouble can obtain sufficient of the medicines to show just what they will do for each sufferer without cost proves conclusively that Dr. Amick knows the results will be favorable."

Came to a Last.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Feb. 9.—Marion Kelsey, a prosperous farmer near this city, wandered from home a month ago while suffering from temporary aberration. He returned last evening in a sad plight and relates a pitiable tale. He has been over a great portion of the west, sometimes for days with nothing to eat. He footed it most of the way. When he came to his senses he found himself at Fort Worth, Tex. He walked and beat his way on trains back home. The man is well-to-do, has had no trouble in his family and his disappearance caused a sensation.

Natural Gas Explosion.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 8.—An explosion of natural gas in a cellar of the saloon and home of Louis Kuechler occurred at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. The building was demolished. Particles were scattered for hundreds of yards. The father, mother and four children were asleep at the time. Rosa Kuechler, aged 13, was instantly killed, her neck being broken. Charles, aged 2 years, was seriously injured. Louis, Julius and Lottie were slightly injured. Julius was thought to have been lost, but was rescued after digging his way partly out of the wreckage. The loss is small.

After the Governor.

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—In the reichstag, during the discussion of the colonial estimates, Prince Arenberg demanded the removal and punishment of Gov. Leist of the Cameroons colony. The prince said he had disgraced the German name in the Cameroons. Dr. Kaiser, director of the colonial department, said if the accounts received in Berlin from the Cameroons charging the governor with flogging a woman were true Gov. Leist would be severely punished. Dr. Kaiser added that a commission had already been dispatched to the Cameroons in order to inquire into the affair.

CLEARING THE WAY.

THE SENATE GETTING READY FOR THE TARIFF.

Pending Business to be Disposed of Expediently—Senators Blackburn, Lindsay and McPherson Representing Whisky Men Before the Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12. There will be an effort on the part of the senate during the present week to clear up the calendar as far as possible prior to taking up the tariff bill, which, when it is reported to the senate, is expected to exclude the consideration of most other subjects. The bill to compel railroads operating roads in the territories over rights of way granted by the government to establish stations at all town sites established by the interior department is the unfinished business on the calendar, and when it is disposed of the bill to provide for additional accommodations for the government printing office will be taken up and acted on as soon as practicable. There will also be a general effort on the part of senators to have private bills or bills of minor general importance taken from the calendar and passed. It is believed that the committee on judiciary will dispose of the Peckham nomination to-day and if so, in all probability there will be at least one day during the week devoted to executive session for the purpose of passing upon this nomination.

Representing Whisky Men.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Senators Blackburn and Lindsay of Kentucky were before the senate finance committee Saturday in the interest of the whisky distillers of Kentucky. Their time was devoted almost exclusively to the extension of the bonded period, which the distillers say, in the present depressed condition of business, is absolutely necessary to them. They represent that there are now \$8,000,000 gallons of whisky in bonded warehouses which must be taken out under the Wilson bill within the next three years, much of it within the next year or two. This, without the increase of the tax, would be a hardship, and with the increase the burden would be much heavier. Senator Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, accompanied the Kentucky senators on their visit to the sub-committee, a fact which is favorable to the extension of the bonded period. He had previously been in conference with some of the representatives of the distilling interests. Senator McPherson was also closeted with the sub-committee for a considerable length of time during the day.

Free Woolen Manufacturers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota says he is going to test the senate upon one feature of the tariff bill which he believes will carry. He intends first to move for a duty on wool, and if this is not carried he will offer an amendment placing wool and woolen manufactures on the free list. He thinks the latter proposition will carry because it will probably receive the support of all the northwestern men in the Republican party, as well as all the Populists and many Democrats, enough at least to carry the amendment through. The South Dakota senator said he would like to see protection for wool, barley, flax and some other agricultural products of his state.

Question of Tariff Hearings.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The meeting of the senate finance committee which is to be held today will determine whether time shall be granted for hearings to those who are interested in articles affected by the bill, and on this decision will depend the time that the bill will be held in committee. Senator Voorhees, as chairman of the committee, has informed the Republican members that they shall have the decision of the majority of the committee at this meeting. It now looks as if no opportunity whatever will be granted for hearings.

Election Report Still Pending.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The bill repealing in toto all federal laws regulating the control of congressional elections has passed both houses of congress and only awaits the signature of President Cleveland to become a law. After several weeks of discussion the senate finally came to a vote yesterday on the house bill repealing the federal election law and it passed by a vote of 39 yeas to 28 nays.

Treasury Balance.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The net treasury balance yesterday is stated to be \$117,115,325, the first time it has been above the hundred million dollar mark for several months. This is an increase of \$8,500,000 over Tuesday and is accounted for solely on account of the payment of the subscriptions for the new 3 per cent bonds. Of this increase \$28,656,261 is in gold and \$5,843,140 in currency.

Bland's Silver Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The dead-

lock on Mr. Bland's silver seigniorage bill was broken after four hours of continuous filibustering yesterday when, by a vote of 176 to 4, the house carried Mr. Bland's motion of going into the committee for the whole for consideration of his bill. The eastern Democrats and the great mass of the Republicans made a determined opposition, but Mr. Bland was at last victorious. On the final vote twenty-six Republicans and all the Populists voted with him, while twenty-two Democrats who were present joined with the remainder of the Republicans in refusing to vote. It was thoroughly understood that quite a number of Democrats who voted with Mr. Bland were in favor of certain modifications of the bill, although they would not carry their opposition to the extent of voting against its consideration. It is also well known that Secretary Carlisle and the administration generally are opposed to the bill in its present form. After the consideration of the bill began Mr. Carlisle arrived at the capitol and held a conference with several of the leading Democrats of the house as well as those Democrats who were managing the filibuster, and just before adjournment the announcement was officially made on the floor by Mr. Tracey that no attempt to filibuster against the consideration of the bill would be made.

Silver all Day Long.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The house was busy all day yesterday discussing Bland's silver bill, which proposes to coin all the silver bullion in the treasury. There are some of the silver men who are satisfied with the bill as it stands, while there are a great many who say that it is a bill so bad that it ought not to become a law. Bland does not seem to be at all disposed to permit much tinkering with it, and most heartily stated yesterday on the floor that he does not want it modified. He wanted all the bullion coined, and was not of that character of silver men who wanted to stop less than half way in the work, that is, in the coining of the seigniorage. However he may protest, before the bill comes to a vote there will be dozens of proposed amendments and substitutes flying in the air, and from appearances, if some of them are not adopted, the Bland bill will die on the way.

Grover is Indorsed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—By a vote of 176 to 57, the house adopted the resolution condemning Minister Stevens and sustaining the Hawaiian policy of Mr. Cleveland. The House then turned to the vote upon the resolution introduced by the anti-imperialists, which was carried 147 to 3, and an interesting question was raised as to whether 177 instead of 179 was a quorum, four seats being vacant on account of deaths. The speaker held that a majority of the members chosen and living constituted a quorum, quoting in support of his position a review of the subject made by the ex-speaker in the fifty-first congress. His position, however, was warmly assailed by some of the Democratic members and it was finally agreed to take the vote over again so that the ruling was eventually withdrawn.

The Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The Democratic sub-committee of the senate committee on finance, charged with preparing the tariff bill for the committee, met again in the room of Senator Vest at the capitol yesterday and continued work upon the bill. The Republican members of the committee have not yet absolutely decided what course to pursue in view of the decision not to grant hearings on the Wilson bill before reporting it to the senate, but they are very much inclined to take no action until the bill shall be reported to the senate, when, if no opportunity shall be granted for interested parties to appear before the committee, they will in all probability move to recommit the bill for the purpose of taking their testimony on the merits of the bill.

Stewart's Bond Resolution.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The right of the secretary of the treasury to issue United States bonds at this time was again the subject of controversy in the senate yesterday. The resolution of Senator Stewart, Populist, came up under the rules and a motion made by Senator Butler of South Carolina to refer it to the committee on judiciary proved the only opposition. After several speeches the resolution went over under the rules.

Cutting the Wilson Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—There is an uneasy feeling growing over the probable action of the subcommittee of the finance committee of the senate which has charge of the Wilson bill. It is openly stated by Democrats that the face of the Wilson bill will be so badly scratched by the senate that no one will recognize it. The members of this subcommittee are Johnson of Arkansas, Vest of Missouri, and Mills of Texas.

Signed by the President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—President Cleveland signed the federal election repeal bill yesterday and it is now a law.

SOILSVILLE MIRACLE.

RESTORATION OF PHILANDER HYDE FROM PARALYSIS.

Helpless and Bed-Ridden—His Recovery from this Pitiable Condition—A Remarkable Narrative.

(From the "Standard.")

During the past few months there have appeared in the columns of the Standard the particulars of a number of cures so remarkable as to justify the term miracles. These cases were investigated and vouched for by the Albany Journal, the Detroit News, Albany Express and other papers whose reputation is a guarantee that the facts were as stated. Different schools of medicine and some of the brightest lights in the profession had treated these cases, unsuccessfully, and their recovery later on, therefore, and its means, have created a profound sensation throughout the country.

The Standard has published the above accounts for what they were worth, and are happily able to supplement same to-day by an equally striking case near home. The case is over in Madison county, at Soilsville, and the subject is Mr. Philander Hyde, who told the reporter the following:

"I will be 70 in September. I was born in Brookfield, Madison county, where all my life was spent until recently, when, becoming helpless, I came to live with my daughter here. My occupation has been that of a farmer. I was always well and rugged until two years ago last winter, when I had the grip. When I left me, I had a sensation of numbness in my legs, which gradually grew to be stiff at the joints and very painful. I felt the stiffness in my feet first, and the pain and the stiffness extended to my knees and to my hip joints, and to the bowels and stomach, and prevented digestion. To move the bowels, I was compelled to take great quantities of castor oil."

"While I was in this condition, cold feelings would begin at my feet and strike up my legs to my back and would follow the whole length of my back bone. I could not sleep. I had no appetite, I became helpless. While in this condition I was treated by a number of prominent physicians. They did me no good. I soon became perfectly helpless and lost all power of motion even in my bed."

"The physicians consulted pronounced father's case creeping paralysis," said Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, "and when we brought him home he had to be carried all the way in a bed. The doctors said they could only relieve the pain, and for the purpose he took a pint of whiskey a day for three months, and morphine in great quantities. When he began taking Pink Pills we stopped giving him morphine or any other medicine, and out of all stimulants. In ten days after father began taking the pills, he could get out of bed and walk without assistance, and has continued to improve until now he walks about the house and the streets by the aid of a cane only."

"Yes," said Mr. Hyde, "and the pain has gone out of my back and the numbness out of my legs. I have no more chills, my digestion is good and I have an excellent appetite." And then, after a pause, "But, ah, me, I am an old man! I have seen my best days, and cannot hope to recover my old vigor as a younger man might, but I am so thankful to have the use of my limbs and to be relieved of those dreadful pains."

Others in Soilsville are taking Pink Pills, notably the mother of Abel Curtis, who is using them with satisfactory effect for rheumatism, and Mrs. Lippitt, wife of ex-Senator Lippitt, is using them with much benefit for nervous debility.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood, and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of a gripe, palpitation of the heart, and that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and Brookville, Ont., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and are never sold in bulk or by the dozen or hundred.

A Fire Results Fanny.

A fire in a museum at Passaic, N. J., last week, caused a panic among the freaks. The "three-legged man" in making his escape forgot his leg. The principal damage done to the complexion of the "tall" Circassian Princess. She was rescued some of her belongings the firemen inadvertently turned hose on her, with the result of the tattooing was washed